

Introduction script for the QR-bill.

Introduction script for financial institutions.

Checklists, test cases and samples to support successful introduction of the QR-bill

Version 1.1 – March 2021

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1 General notes

Comments and questions about this document can be directed to the respective financial institution or to SIX at the following address: support.billing-payments@six-group.com.

For better readability, the publication does not include references to male or female individuals. All terms used to denote persons refer to both genders.

SIX assumes no responsibility or liability for the correctness and completeness of the information provided. Likewise, SIX does not offer advice for the specific scope of functionality for systems for using the QRbill, provides no control mechanisms for technical procedures and offers no guarantee and accepts no liability for the actual mechanical or procedural implementation of the standardization process or of solutions for using and processing QR-bills.

SIX makes various help resources and other support materials available without liability. Find out more at <u>www.PaymentStandards.CH</u>.

1.1 Change ownership

The document "Introduction Script for QR-bill for Financial Institutions" constitutes a support material for the implementation and testing of QR-bill or its functionalities and can only be changed by:

SIX Interbank Clearing Ltd Hardturmstrasse 201 P. O. Box CH-8021 Zurich

Future changes and updates will be made by SIX Interbank Clearing Ltd, which expressly reserves the right to amend, supplement or delete any part or all of it. The current version of this document can be downloaded at <u>www.PaymentStandards.CH</u>.

1.2 Reference documents

This document constitutes solely a support material and does not contain any binding specifications. Binding guidelines are included in the documents listed in the following table.

	Document/schema	Title	Source
1	ISO 18004	ISO 18004 Third Edition of 2015-02-01 (Information technology – Automatic identification and data capture techniques – QR Code bar code symbology specification)	
2	pain.001.001.03	XML Schema Customer Credit Transfer Initiation V03	ISO
3	pain.001.001.03.ch.02	Swiss Implementation Guidelines for Customer-Bank Messages Credit Transfer (Payment Transactions)	SIX
4	camt.052; camt.053; camt.054	Swiss Payments Standards: Swiss Implementation Guidelines for Customer-Bank Messages (Reports)	SIX
5	pacs.008	Implementation Guidelines for ISO 20022 Interbank Messages – Customer Payments	SIX
6	Implementation Guidelines QR-bill	Specification of the data scheme and layout rules for the QR-bill	SIX
7	Processing rules	Processing rules for QR-bills (Business Rules)	SIX
8	QR-IID; QR-IBAN	Technical information about the QR-IID and QR-IBAN	SIX
9	Bank Master	List of IIDs and QR-IIDs of banks	SIX

Table 1: Reference documents

Organization	Link
ISO	www.iso20022.org
SIX	www.iso-payments.ch www.sepa.ch www.six-group.com/interbank-clearing
Harmonization of Swiss payments	www.PaymentStandards.CH

Table 2: Links to the reference documents on the Internet

Failure to comply with the Guidelines for the QR-bill may result, for example, in

- it not being possible for the debtor and their financial institution to enter the pay-ment.
- it not being possible for payments to be executed by the debtor and their financial institution.
- credits to the invoice issuer and their financial institution being booked incorrectly or not at all.
- laws being violated (e.g. data protection).

2 Introduction

2.1 Target group and purpose of document

The primary target group of this Introduction Script consists in financial institutions and developers of banking software.

The purpose of this document is to provide the said target group with a comprehensive implementation plan which supports the successful introduction of the QR-bill step by step. Therefore, in addition to general information on the QR-bill, this Script covers the following contents:

- overview of how current use cases based on the IS/ISR procedure can be transferred to the QR-bill,
- checklist of necessary actions,
- test cases,
- sample payment parts.

2.2 Introduction to QR-bill

The increasing regulatory requirements for payment traffic make some system modifications necessary, in particular a review of payment message data management. Payment traffic must also take account of digital structural changes in business and society, without forgetting those groups of the population who make payments over the post office counter or by post.

The QR-bill is replacing the existing multiplicity of payment slips in Switzerland and so is helping to increase efficiency and simplify payments, at the same time offering a way of dealing with the challenges presented by digitalization and regulation.

The following illustration shows a schematic basic process in the Swiss payment traffic based on a QR-bill. Its purpose is to outline synchronized scopes of application of various implementation guidelines and business rules:

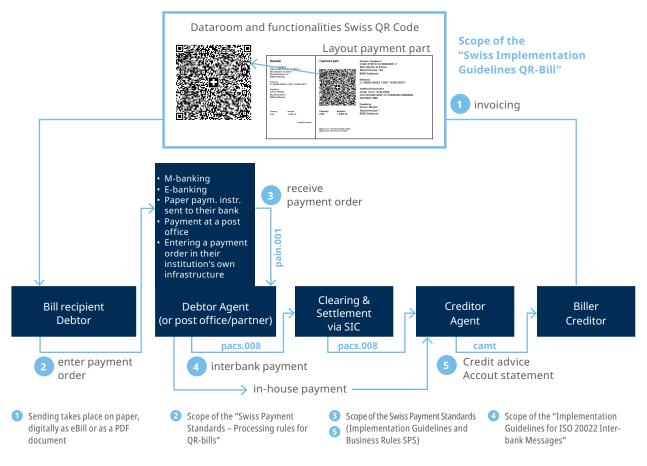


Figure 1: Basic process of the Swiss payment traffic

This basic process is intended for basic understanding and does not represent any complete presentation of all possible constellations. There are also other use cases (e.g. where the creditor and the debtor are different; debtor is unknown when the payment is set up). Those will not be further elaborated on here.

The basic process comprises the following steps: the invoice issuer generates a QR-bill with a payment part and receipt and sends it to the invoice recipient. It is usually sent on paper, digitally as eBill or as a PDF document. The invoice recipient (who in this case is also the debtor) can now trigger the payment using various payment channels, for example:

- M-banking
- E-banking
- Paper payment instruction sent to their financial institution
- Payments at the post office counter (Swiss Post branches and branches with partners)
- Entering a payment order in their own infrastructure (e.g. ERP software)

The data contained in the Swiss QR Code serves as an aid in filling in the data so that no manual entries are required. Alternatively, data can be entered manually based on the textual information.

In addition to the reference documents listed in Chapter 1.2 which contain binding specifications for the QRbill, the following support materials are also provided:

- · Style Guide QR-bill (summary of layout rules from the Implementation Guidelines QR-bill)
- Graphics (corner marks, Swiss cross)
- Measures to avoid errors
- Sample letters for customer information

The documents are available at <u>www.PaymentStandards.CH</u>.

2.2.1 Design or form of the QR-bill

The QR-bill can be sent physically on paper, digitally as eBill or as a PDF document. Moreover, the payment part with a receipt can be placed at the bottom margin or printed on a separate sheet. If the latter is the case, there are two payment parts on one sheet.

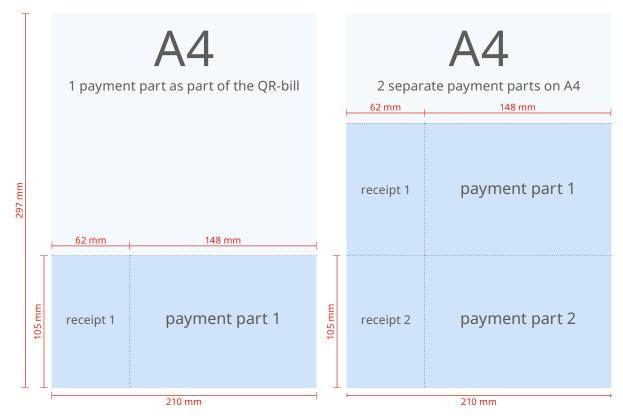
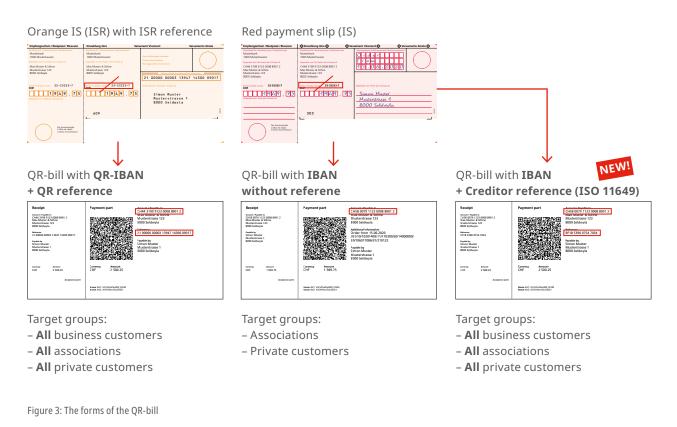


Figure 2: Schematic depiction of a QR-bill with integrated payment part/receipt and with payment part/receipt as an enclosure

2.2.2 Three Forms of the QR-bill

- In general it should be noted that the QR-bill covers three forms:
- QR-bill with QR-IBAN and QR reference (replacing the orange payment slip ISR)
- QR-bill with IBAN and without reference (replacing the red payment slip IS)
- QR-bill with IBAN and Creditor Reference (new)



2.2.3 Notes on ISO 20022, SWIFT and SEPA

The Swiss payment traffic was completely adjusted to the ISO 20022 standard in 2018. The QR-bill was designed in such a way to be optimally harmonized with the respective recommendations of the financial industry (Swiss Payment Standards). Whenever a QR-bill is used as a basis for a cross-system payment, i.e. outside the SIC system, certain points must be taken into consideration.

SEPA

A QR-bill can be used for a SEPA payment. Noteworthy:

- The QR-bill allows for the use of the Creditor Reference (SCOR) usual for the SEPA according to ISO 11649. However, the use of a Creditor Reference is no guarantee that the QR-bill will be processed as a SEPA payment.
- Conversions always bear the risk of truncation.

SWIFT

A QR-bill can be converted into a SWIFT MT message (mapping table, cf. separate datasheet). Noteworthy:

- Conversions always bear the risk of truncation.
- SWIFT MT messages do not recognize any dedicated field for references. They are transferred to the field "Unstructured message (Remittance Information)". This circumstance can lead to processing errors if a QR-IBAN is used that must be delivered with a QR reference.
- The rules for the conversion of the Swiss QR Code into an MT101 or MT103 message are laid down in a datasheet published on <u>www.PaymentStandards.CH</u>.

3 User groups and use cases

This chapter contains an overview of the most important use cases of the QR-bill for the use within Switzerland and Liechtenstein from the perspective of your customers. The basis is formed by the presentation of user groups and their needs. By analyzing use cases, the users of the QR-bill can identify their need for testing and select the samples relevant for them.

Since this chapter takes an end-customer perspective and not that of the financial institutions, further details can be found in the "Introduction script for invoice issuers and recipients".

4 From IS/ISR to QR-bill

This chapter shows how the current uses of IS/ISR procedures can be transformed into the QR-bill.

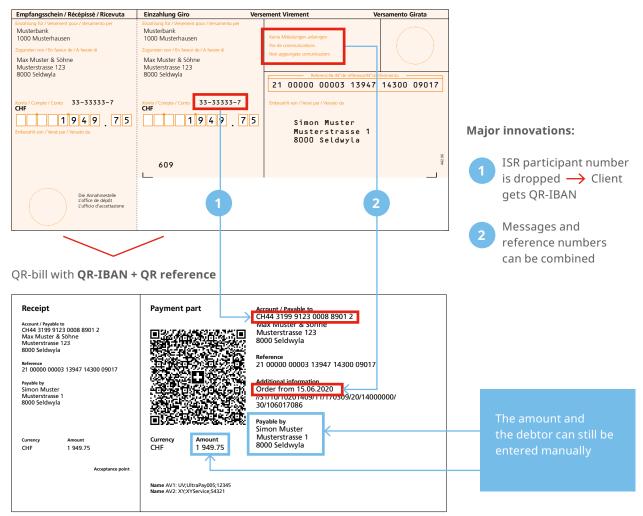
Preliminary remarks:

- The QR-bill still supports the usual channels (post office counter, structured order to the bank, m-banking and e-banking, etc.).
- The system of fees for payments at the post office counter remains unchanged. This means PostFinance continues to charge the fees to the payee's bank. For this purpose, PostFinance concludes the "Settlement of QR-bill Fees" agreement with each bank concerned. Each bank decides autonomously whether and in which form it charges these fees on their customers.
- An ISR participation contract is necessary for the use of the ISR procedure. From the perspective of the invoice issuer or recipient, the QR-bill can generally be used without any contractual agreement.

4.1 Orange payment slip to become the QR-bill with QR-IBAN and QR reference

The ISR reference can (but does not have to) continue to be used 1:1 as a QR reference. In this case, it is necessary to use the QR-IBAN. Proprietary account numbers (e.g. post account number) may no longer be used, but must also be printed in the QR-IBAN format.

The ISR participation number is no longer mandatory. However, to avoid erroneous processing, it is recommended to transfer ISR references 1:1 as QR references (if any) in the parallel phase of ISR and QR-bill.



Orange IS (ISR) with ISR reference

Figure 4: Orange ISR will become the QR-bill with QR-IBAN and QR reference

4.2 Red payment slip to become the QR-bill with IBAN

The QR-bill in the form "without reference" will replace the red payment slip 1:1.

Red payment slip (IS)

Empfangsschein / Récépissé / Ricevuta	슈 Einzahlung Giro 슈	rsement Virement 산 숫	Versamento Girata 다	
Einzahlung für /Versement pour /Versamento per Musterbank 1000 Musterhausen Zugunsten von /En faveur de/A favore di C/H44 3199 9123 0008 8901 2	Einzahlung für /Versement pour /Versamento per Musterbank 1000 Musterhausen Zugunsten von /En faweur de /A favore di CH44 3199 9123 0008 8901 2			
Max Muster & Söhne Musterstrasse 123 8000 Seldwyla	Miak muster & some Musterstrasse 123 8000 Seldwyla	15.06.202		
Konto/Campte/Canto 33-33333-7 CHF 	Korto / Compte [*] Conto 33-33533-7 CHF 1969.75	Einbezahlt von /Versé par /Versato da <u>Simon Muster</u> Musterstrasse 1		
	303	8000 Seldwyla	44.02	
Die Annahmestele Löffice de depöt Löfficio d'accettazione	1		2	
QR-bill with IBAN with	out reference			
Receipt		scount / Bayable to H52 0483 5012 3456 7100 0		
Account / Payable to CH52 0483 5012 3456 7100 0 Better World Trust P.O. Box 3001 Bern		etter tvorid Trust O. Box 001 Bern	_	The amount and the debtor can still be
Payable by (name/address)		ayable by (name/address) Simon Muster Musterstrasse 1	~ ←	entered manually
LJ		8000 Seldwyla -		
Currency Amount CHF L J Acceptance point	Curre cy Amount CHF S00.00	<i>←</i>		

Figure 5: Red IS will become the QR-bill with IBAN without reference

Major innovations:

Post account of the bank is no longer necessary ightarrow the IBAN is sufficient

2

Messages can no longer be supplemented by hand^{*} → They can be recorded on the payment part when it is created

* Decision of the Swiss financial center (\rightarrow consistent digitization of payment methods)

4.3 Swiss standard for payment parts with reference

Previous use:

- Issuing invoices in CHF and EUR in Switzerland
- After the receipt of payment, the reference number is provided for the reconciliation of open debts.
- The debtor is reliably recognized based on the reference number.

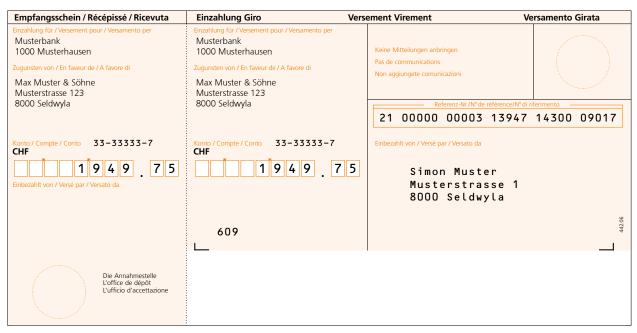


Figure 6: Sample of a bank payment slip with reference number (ISR bank)

Use with the QR-bill:

- Invoices can be issued in CHF and EUR.
- In addition to the QR reference, the field "Additional information" can optionally be used for unstructured information or billing information.
- The QR-bill allows for the use of "Alternative payment procedure" (e.g. eBill).
- After the receipt of payment, the reference number is provided to the invoice issuer for the reconciliation of open debts.
- Based on the reference number and/or information on the payer or ultimate debtor, they can be reliably identified.

Receipt Account / Payable to CH44 3199 9123 0008 8901 2 Max Muster & Söhne Musterstrasse 123 8000 Seldwyla Reference 21 00000 00003 13947 14300 09017 Payable by Simon Muster Musterstrasse 1 8000 Seldwyla	Payment part		Account / Payable to CH44 3199 9123 0008 8901 2 Max Muster & Söhne Musterstrasse 123 8000 Seldwyla Reference 21 00000 00003 13947 14300 09017 Additional information Order from 15.06.2020 //S1/10/10201409/11/170309/20/14000000/ 30/106017086 Payable by Simon Muster
Currency Amount CHF 1 949.75		Amount 1 949.75	Musterstrasse 1 8000 Seldwyla
Acceptance point			
	Name AV1: UV;Ultr Name AV2: XY;XYS		

Figure 7: Sample payment part with QR reference and additional information

4.4 Standard for payment parts with Creditor Reference (ISO 11649)

Previous use:

The Creditor Reference according to the ISO 11649 standard may not be used for invoicing with the orange (ISR) or red (IS) payment slips.

Use with the QR-bill:

Invoices can be issued in CHF and EUR. In addition to the Creditor Reference (SCOR), the field "Additional information" can be optionally used for unstructured information or billing information.

After the receipt of payment, the reference number is provided to the invoice issuer for the reconciliation of open debts. Based on the information on the payer or ultimate debtor, they can be reliably identified.



Figure 8: Sample payment part with Creditor Reference and additional information

Previous use:

Issuing invoices and collecting debts in CHF and EUR in Switzerland After the receipt of payment, the credits are summarized electronically or on paper. For counter payments (e.g. post office counter), the credit advice is usually created in the form of an ECA-I (booking advice with document image).

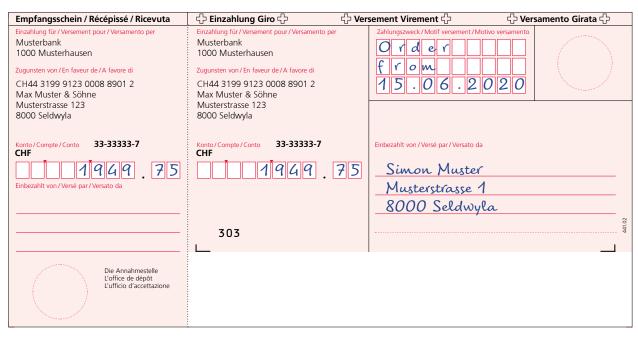


Figure 9: Sample red payment slip (IS)

Use with the QR-bill:

Invoices can be issued in CHF and EUR. After the receipt of payment, the credits are summarized electronically or on paper. Since the "Additional information", which includes unstructured messages, is also available in digital form, there is no need for a document image.

Receipt Account / Payable to	Payment part	Account / Payable to CH58 0079 1123 0008 8901 2 Max Muster & Söhne
CH58 0079 1123 0008 8901 2 Max Muster & Söhne Musterstrasse 123 8000 Seldwyla		Musterstrasse 123 8000 Seldwyla
Payable by Simon Muster Musterstrasse 1 8000 Seldwyla		Additional information Order from 15.06.2020 //S1/10/10201409/11/170309/20/14000000/ 30/106017086/31/210122
		Payable by Simon Muster Musterstrasse 1 8000 Seldwyla
Currency Amount CHF 1 949.75	Currency Amount CHF 1 949.75	
Acceptance point		
	Name AV1: UV;UltraPay005;12345 Name AV2: XY;XYService;54321	

Figure 10: Sample payment part without reference

4.6 Use of references, payment purpose and additional information

Previous use:

In case of the red payment slip (IS), the field "Payment purpose" can be used for mutual information (invoice issuer/debtor).

In case of the orange payment slip (ISR), the 27-digit reference number can be used for invoicing and reconciliation of open debts.

Empfangsschein / Récépissé / Ricevuta	수 Einzahlung Giro 수 사	ersement Virement 🖒	🖧 Versamento Girata 🛟
Einzahlung für/Versement pour/Versamento per Musterbank 1000 Musterhausen Zugunsten von/En faveur de/A favore di CH44 3199 9123 0008 8901 2 Max Muster & Söhne	Einzahlung für/Versement pour/Versamento per Musterbank 1000 Musterhausen Zugunsten von/En faveur de/A favore di CH44 3199 9123 0008 8901 2 Max Muster & Söhne	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Zahlungszweck/Motif versement/Mo}\\ \hline O & f & d & e & f \\ \hline f & r & o & m \\ \hline 1 & 5 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$	ivo versamento
Musterstrasse 123 8000 Seldwyla Konto / Compte / Conto 33-33333-7 CHF	Musterstrasse 123 8000 Seldwyla Konto / Compte / Conto 33-33333-7 CHF 1949.75	Einbezahlt von/Versé par/Versato da <u>Simon Muster</u> <u>Musterstrasse 1</u>	
Einbezahlt von / Versé par / Versato da	303 ∟	_Musterstrasse 1 	
Die Annahmestelle L'office de dépôt L'ufficio d'accettazione			

Figure 11: Sample IS with message

Empfangsschein / Récépissé / Ricevuta	Einzahlung Giro Vers	ement Virement	/ersamento Girata
Einzahlung für / Versement pour / Versamento per Musterbank 1000 Musterhausen Zugunsten von / En faveur de / A favore di Max Muster & Söhne Musterstrasse 123	Einzahlung für / Versement pour / Versamento per Musterbank 1000 Musterhausen Zugunsten von / En faveur de / A favore di Max Muster & Söhne Musterstrasse 123	Keine Mitteilungen anbringen Pas de communications Non aggiungete comunicazioni	
8000 Seldwyla	8000 Seldwyla	Referenz-Nr./N° de référence/N° d	
		21 00000 00003 13947	14300 09017
Konto / Compte / Conto 33-33333-7 CHF	Konto / Compte / Conto 33-33333-7 CHF	Einbezahlt von / Versé par / Versato da	
Einbezahlt von / Versé par / Versato da	1949.75	Simon Muster Musterstrasse 1 8000 Seldwyla	
	(00		42.06
	609		
Die Annahmestelle L'office de dépôt L'ufficio d'accettazione			

Figure 12: Sample ISR with ISR reference

Use with the QR-bill:

References

For payments with structured reference, the following two reference types can be used:

- QR reference (1:1 substitute of ISR reference number)
- Creditor Reference according to ISO 11649 standard

Additional information

The two-part element "Additional information", consisting of "**Unstructured message**" and "**Billing information**", can be used for all forms of the QR-bill, i.e. messages and reference numbers can be combined in a QRbill.

Unstructured information can be used to indicate the payment purpose or for additional information for payments with a structured reference. It is no longer possible for the debtor to supplement the messages in handwriting. Such supplements cannot be processed digitally and would therefore undermine the efforts aimed at improving automation. Billing information contains coded information for automated booking of the payment on the side of the invoice recipient. The data is not forwarded with the payment.



Figure 13: Sample payment part with QR reference and additional information

Previous use:

In case of the red payment slip (IS), the information on the amount and the debtor can be supplemented by the invoice recipient subsequently by hand.



Figure 14: Sample payment slip (IS) with amount and address data

Use with the QR-bill:

The QR-bill also provides for this possibility. If these supplements are not automatically recognized by the scanner, they must be added manually when the order is submitted before the payment can be triggered.

For the address data to be captured in handwriting, fields with edges can be printed instead of text so that they can be filled with information by the debtor. The graphical elements (corner marks and others) can be downloaded at <u>www.PaymentStandards.CH</u>.

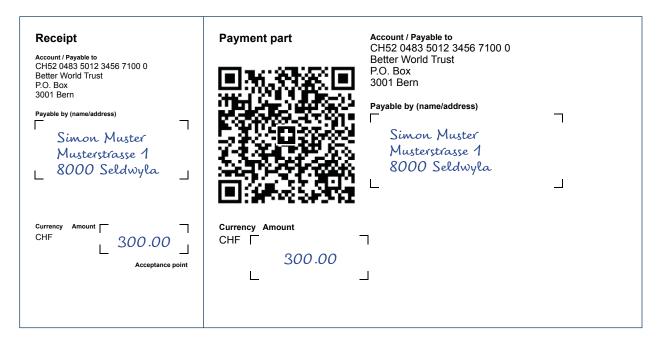


Figure 15: Sample payment part with handwritten addition of amount and address

Previous use:

Invoice issuers that use the pre-printed red payment slips can supplement the field "Payment purpose" in handwriting, e.g. with an invoice number.

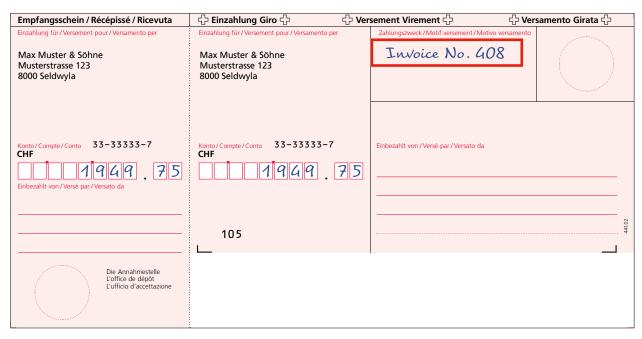


Figure 16: Sample payment slip (IS) with a message supplemented subsequently

Use with the QR-bill:

Handwritten messages (in the field "Additional information") are not permitted in the QR-bill. They must be pre-printed and integrated into the data space of the Swiss QR Code. Payment parts with pre-printed messages, such as invoice numbers, can be obtained at the financial institution keeping the account or printed independently, depending on the offering.

However, it is possible to enter/change messages if the order is recorded via an electronic channel. In this case the information is available in a digital form and can be processed automatically.

Receipt	Payment part	Account / Payable to CH58 0079 1123 0008 8901 2	
Account / Payable to CH58 0079 1123 0008 8901 2	EN1.2884-2015	Max Muster & Söhne Musterstrasse 123	
Max Muster & Söhne Musterstrasse 123		8000 Seldwyla	
8000 Seldwyla		Additional information Invoice No. 408	
Payable by (name/address)		Payable by (name/address)	_
	BI SELAR		I
		1	
Currency Amount	Currency Amount	L	
CHF 1 949.75	CHF 1 949.75		
Acceptance point			

Figure 17: Sample QR-bill with message

4.9 Selection fields for handwritten supplement in "Payment purpose" field

Previous use:

Invoice issuers or charities can include selection fields in the field "Payment purpose" to be filled by hand, e.g. for a specified charitable purpose.

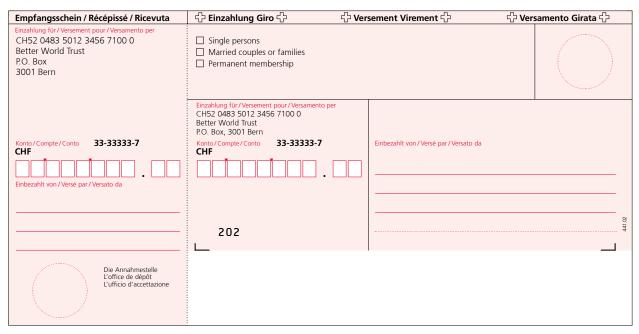


Figure 18: Sample red payment slip (IS) with selection fields

Use with the QR-bill:

Subsequent handwritten supplements in the field "Additional information" added by the debtor cannot be introduced to the payment part. Therefore, numerous clear payment parts need to be printed and sent for clear identification of payment purpose by the invoice issuer.

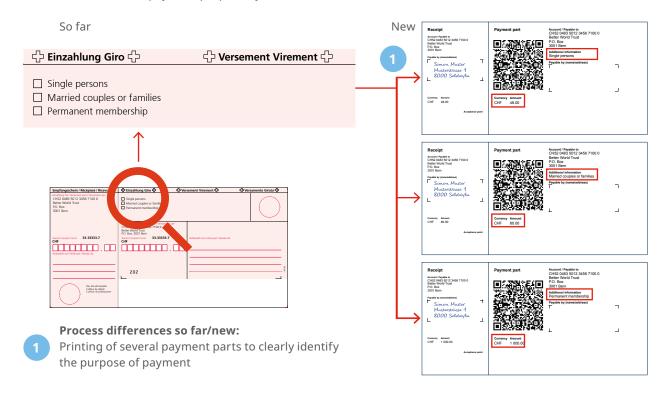


Figure 19: Sample request for donations/circular with many payment parts

4.10 Presentation of many donation options beyond payment slip or payment part

Previous use:

Invoice issuers or charities that provide selection fields beyond the red payment slip (IS), e.g. for a specified charitable purpose. The debtor can supplement the details of payment in the field "Payment purpose" and the invoice or donation amount in the field "Amount" by hand.

you!		einer Familie den Ausweg aus der extr	
1 ¹ ink	Zum Beispiel mit I 48 Franken für einen Kiosk	80 Franken für zwei Schafe für ein Reisfeld	E Franken
	Auch jeder andere Betrag, gleich in welcher Hohe, fö	ördert Projekte zugunsten von Menschen in Armuts- oder D	Dürreregionen.
Empfangsschein / Récépissé / Ricevuta	수 Einzahlung Giro 수	수 Versement Virement 수	수 Versamento Girata 수
Einzahlung für / Versement pour / Versamento per Musterbank 1000 Musterhausen	Einzahlung für/Versement pour/Versamento p Musterbank 1000 Musterhausen	er Zahlungszweck/Motif versement/Motiv	vo versamento
Zugunsten von /En faveur de /A favore di CH52 0483 5012 3456 7100 0 Better World Trust P.O. Box	Zugunsten von /En faveur de /A favore di CH52 0483 5012 3456 7100 0 Better World Trust P.O. Box		
3001 Bern	3001 Bern		
Konto / Compte / Conto 33-33333-7 CHF	Konto / Compte / Conto 33-33333-7 CHF	Einbezahlt von /Versé par /Versato da	
Einbezahlt von / Versé par / Versato da			
	303 L		441.02
Die Annahmestelle L'office de dépôt L'ufficio d'accettazione			

Figure 20: Sample payment slip (IS) for request for donation/circular

Use with the QR-bill:

The amount can still be added on the payment part by the debtor by hand.

Subsequent handwritten supplements by the debtor in the field "Additional information" cannot be introduced. For clear identification of payment purpose, the debtor can be provided with many payment parts specific for a given form. Alternatively, the details of donation/payment can be identified by means of the amount paid.

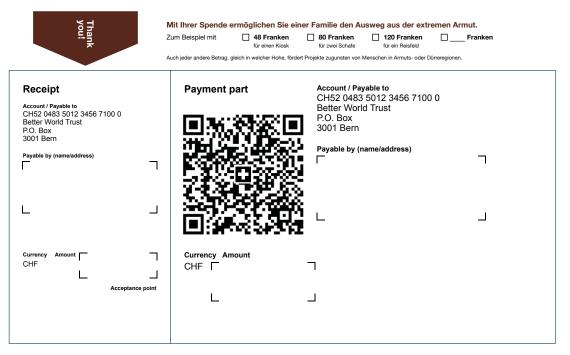


Figure 21: Sample QR-bill for request for donation with different donation options

Previous use:

In specific cases, red payment slips are only used for the purpose of notification and may not be used for payment.

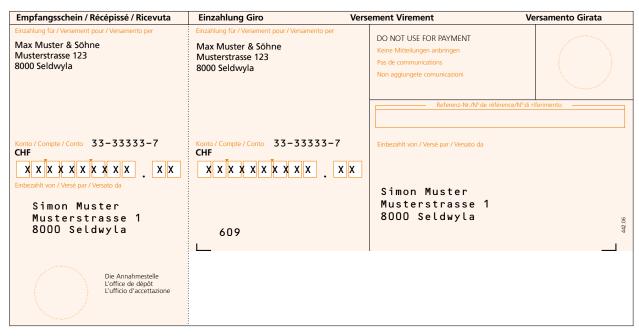


Figure 22: Sample "DO NOT USE FOR PAYMENT" ISR

Use with the QR-bill:

This use case can also be depicted with a QR-bill. In addition to the comment "DO NOT USE FOR PAYMENT" in the message field, the amount of CHF/EUR 0.00 needs to be recorded. Based on the amount it is ensured that in case of conversion into eBill ("Alternative procedure"), no payment will be released, but the eBill customer will only receive a notification.

The specifications for the preparation of corresponding QR-bills are laid down in a datasheet published on <u>www.PaymentStandards.CH</u>.



Figure 23: Sample "DO NOT USE FOR PAYMENT" QR-bill

5 Checklist of action fields

This chapter provides you with an overview of the necessary actions that you should consider for the successful introduction of the QR-bill.

5.1 Basics

Action field	Action required	Characteristics
Contracts	Concluding a contract on counter fees with PostFinance	 Contract "Settlement of QR-bill Fees" for the processing of payment parts at the post office counter including the charging of fees according to the PostFinance price list
	Adjusting contractual customer agreements	• GTCs, Payment Transaction Conditions or Product Agreement
Customer support	Adjusting support concept	• 1 st , 2 nd and 3 rd level (telephone and online inquiries)
Documentation	Creating product documentation	Internal manualsCustomer information
Forms	Adjusting the process for issuing structured payment orders	Structured payment orders
	Adjusting order form	Forms for pre-printed payment parts

Table 3: Checklist "Basics"

5.2 Need for action with customers as invoice issuers

Action field	Action required	Characteristics
Defining product offer for the QR-bill	Creation of QR-bills with an integrated payment part	 Creation by the customer with self-developed software Creation by the customer with standard software Creation from banking platforms, such as e-banking Creation from third-party platforms
	Characteristics for the release of pre-printed payment parts	 Payment part with QR-IBAN and QR reference Payment part with IBAN and Creditor Reference Payment part with IBAN, without reference
	Creation/adjustment of ordering channel (QR-bill/payment part)	Ordering: online/by telephone/in writing/in personSelf-service: online
	Receipt printing	Homologation/operational test of payment parts
	Adjusting booking type for incoming payments	Single bookingCollective booking
	Offering booking entry period for incoming payments (in particular the possibility of collective bookings)	Once per daySeveral times per day
	Customer reporting, channels	PaperElectronic
	Delivering on paper	 Credit advice with details Collective credit advice booked individually Collective credit advice booked collectively with details Collective credit advice booked collectively without details Account statement (booking text)

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Action field	Action required	Characteristics
Defining product offer for the QR-bill	Delivering electronically	 camt.053 camt.054 ESR camt.054 MT940 EBICS
	Reporting periodicity	• continuous or once to n times a day
Contracts/ Participation conditions	Setting participation conditions	• Use/allocation of the QR-IBAN
Pricing	Bank offering	Price for pre-printed payment partsEntry price
Switching over/ migrating invoice issuers	Switchover of external customers with the following needs: • Printing with standard software • Pre-printed orange ISR • Pre-printed red IS Switchover of internal customers with the following needs: • Pension savings 3 • Mortgages	 Presenting eBill as an alternative Generating/allocating QR-IBAN Conversion of orange ISR to payment part with reference Conversion of red IS to payment part with message Paper ads (new or adapted) Changeover to camt messages
Customer communication/ information	Creating and publishing documentation	 Product information Product manuals Product agreements, terms and conditions List of frequently asked questions (FAQ) Recommendations for business customers with IT solutions Bank-specific specifications for customers with IT solutions Applying SIX specifications and datasheets for QR-bills (e.g. Implementation Guidelines for the QR-bill) Use SIX tools for QR-bill (e.g. sample letter "Supplement for invoices")

Table 4: Checklist "Customer as an invoice issuer"

5.3 Need for action with customers as invoice recipients

As of the introduction date (30 June 2020), your customers need to be prepared for receiving QR-bills from your suppliers and being able to pay them.

Action field	Action required	Characteristics
Recording orders for payments	Offering software solutions for electronic one-off or standing orders	 Gateway solutions E-banking M-banking SWIFTNet services EBICS eBill
	Offering software solutions for paper-based one-time or standing orders	Unstructured payment orderStructured payment order
Ensuring communication/ information	Creating and publishing documentation	 List of frequently asked questions (FAQ) Bank-specific specifications for customers with IT solutions Applying SIX specifications and datasheets for QR-bills (e.g. Implementation Guidelines for the QR-bill) Use SIX tools for QR-bill (e.g. sample letter "Supplement for invoices")

Table 5: Checklist "Customer as an invoice recipient"

5.4 Adapting applications and systems

Master data• Generating QR-IBAN based on master data • Managing data records for QR-IBAN • Linking QR-IBAN with customer account • Linking QR-IBAN with the corresponding transactionOrdering forms• Input screen for ordering payment parts • Printing of payment parts according to the Swiss Implementation Guidelines for the QR-billSales desktop (Manual recording by front units or operations)• Providing input screens for manual recording of payment parts with unstructured message • Ensuring consistency of processes and dataM-banking and e-banking• Recognition, validation and extraction of data in the Swiss QR Code during scanning • Providing screens for manual recording • Ensuring dataptation of payment templates and final beneficiary databases • Adaptation of customer reporting • Transmission of all relevant information or data in the database of the Swiss QR Code to the beneficiary's bank • Beneficiary's confirmationSanction filter• Verifying the following fields: • Ultimate Creditor (Future Use) • Unstructured message
 Printing of payment parts according to the Swiss Implementation Guidelines for the QR-bill Sales desktop Providing input screens for manual recording of payment parts Providing document readers (similar to the current ISR readers) Processing of payment parts with reference and payment parts with unstructured message Ensuring consistency of processes and data M-banking and Recognition, validation and extraction of data in the Swiss QR Code during scanning Providing screens for manual recording Ensuring adaptation of payment templates and final beneficiary databases Adaptation of customer reporting Transmission of all relevant information or data in the database of the Swiss QR Code to the beneficiary's bank Beneficiary's confirmation Sanction filter Verifying the following fields: Debtor Ultimate Debtor Creditor Ultimate Creditor (Future Use) Unstructured message
(Manual recording by front units or operations)• Providing document readers (similar to the current ISR readers) • Processing of payment parts with reference and payment parts with unstructured message • Ensuring consistency of processes and data M-banking and e-banking• Recognition, validation and extraction of data in the Swiss QR Code during scanning • Providing screens for manual recording • Ensuring adaptation of payment templates and final beneficiary databases • Adaptation of customer reporting • Transmission of all relevant information or data in the database of the Swiss QR Code to the beneficiary's bank • Beneficiary's confirmationSanction filterVerifying the following fields: • Debtor • Ultimate Debtor • Creditor • Ultimate Creditor (Future Use) • Unstructured message
e-banking• Providing screens for manual recording • Ensuring adaptation of payment templates and final beneficiary databases • Adaptation of customer reporting • Transmission of all relevant information or data in the database of the Swiss QR Code to the beneficiary's bank • Beneficiary's confirmationSanction filterVerifying the following fields: • Debtor • Ultimate Debtor • Creditor • Ultimate Creditor (Future Use) • Unstructured message
 Debtor Ultimate Debtor Creditor Ultimate Creditor (Future Use) Unstructured message
Software for internalPrinting of QR-bills according to the Swiss Implementation Guidelines QR-billinvoice issuersImplementation Guidelines QR-bill
Software for internal debtors• Readers which can read the Swiss QR Code • Providing input screens for the manual recording of payment parts with reference and payment parts with unstructured message
Market gateways• Message communication SIC for incoming and outgoing payments• Message communication euroSIC for incoming and outgoing payments• Message communication SWIFT for incoming and outgoing payments
Customer reporting• Creation of camt.054 for QR-IBAN with reference • Creation of camt.054 for QR-IBAN with reference and orange payment slips • Creation of camt.054 for IBAN with reference/without reference or mixed • Creation of camt.* for debit • Printing and sending physical ads: • Single booking with unstructured message • Collective booking with unstructured message • Collective credit advice – individual booking – with details • Collective credit advice – collective booking – with details • Collective credit advice – collective booking – with details • Account statement (booking text) • EBICS • SWIFT
Archiving system • Adjustment of metadata

Table 6: Checklist "Applications and Systems"

5.5 Test preparation and execution

Action field	Action required	Characteristics
Invoicing	Printing QR-bills	 QR-bill with a payment part integrated in a QR-bill in paper form QR-bill as a supplement to a QR-bill in paper form
	Printing payment parts	 Printing with standard software on perforated blanks Printing with financial institution – internal – application
Paper-based payment orders	Scanning (independently or through third parties	 Reading the Swiss QR Code according to the processing rules for QR-bill Data reconciliation when scanning the Swiss QR Code against the visible part according to the processing rules (entire document) for the QR-bill
	Manual post-processing	• Manual post-processing according to the processing rules for the QR-bill
Electronic payment orders	Scanning (independently or through third parties)	 Reading the Swiss QR Code according to the processing rules for QR-bill Data reconciliation when scanning the Swiss QR Code against the visible part according to the Business Rules for the QR-bill
	Manual post-processing	 Manual post-processing according to the Business Rules for the QR-bill
	Mapping and upload (pain.001)	E-bankingPayment Connectivity Services
Bank's own ISO test platform	Simulation of bank-to-customer messages	Message types: • camt.052 • camt.053 • camt.054
		 Incoming payments with QR reference (former ISR reference): Single booking with QR reference Single booking with QR reference with additional information Collective booking with QR reference Collective booking with QR reference with additional information
		 Incoming payments with unstructured message: Single booking with unstructured message Collective booking with unstructured message Single and collective bookings from payments of QR-bills with camt.*

Table 7: Checklist "Applications and Systems"

5.6 Actions within the transition phase

Action field	Action required
Duration	 Determining the starting date of the QR-bill release Determining the final date of the release of orange and red payments slips (after communication of the end-date for the receipts by PostFinance).
Parallel processing	From the market launch of the QR-bill, it must be possible to process the payment part with Swiss QR Code in addition to the red and orange payment slips.
Notification	 Starting date of the notification by way of camt.054 Notification regarding orange ISR in camt.054 or payment part with reference with camt.054 Final date of ISR credit advice type 3 (V11 file) Final date of ECA-I

Table 8: Checklist "Transition phase"

5.7 Conducting trainings

Action field	Action required	Characteristics
Main topics	Establishing the basics for the QR-bill	 What changes exactly? What is new? Who is affected?
	Showing the benefits of the QR-bill	For invoice issuersFor invoice recipients
	Challenges arising from the switchover	 For customers as invoice issuers (also use cases no longer covered) For customers as invoice recipients For financial institution (support for possible workarounds)
	Structuring training and education	 Training need Training and education structure Training and education plan Type of event for training and education Verification and control
	Support measures	What support measures are available to parties affected?Checklist for the education and training concept
	Defining learning content	 Clarification of the scope of training Identification of training needs Definition of the training procedure Preparation of training documents
Training and education needs by internal stakeholders	Sales units/front units/support units	 Training and education of customer advisors Answering customer inquiries/FAQ Creation of customer letters Preparation of documents for customer visits Ordering forms
	Backoffice/Operations	 Training and education of backoffice employees Migration of customers who print ISR by themselves Contracts/Participation conditions for the QR-bill Support of customer advisors and customers Adaptation of process descriptions Adaptation of working instructions Adaptation of manuals
Learning materials and	Providing learning materials	 Module 1: Basic knowledge on the QR-bill Module 1+n: Extended knowledge on the QR-bill
support measures	Providing support measures	 Support measures and instructions of SIX available at <u>www.PaymentStandards.CH</u>

Table 9: Checklist "Trainings"

6 Test cases along the process

The test cases described in this chapter address the entire process chain in the Swiss payment traffic as presented in Chapter 2.2. Moreover, attention is drawn to accounts receivable and payable with IT support. Test cases described in this document only cover the topics relevant for the target group of this Introduction Script. Other topics (gray, in italics) are addressed in the version for invoice issuers and recipients. In order to make the two documents comparable, the structure is identical. The sub-chapters in this part of the Introduction Script are divided as follows:

Chap- ter	Process step	Test objects	Affected stakeholders
6.1	Opening accounts receivable item	 If a software solution is used, a new position is opened and if need be, depending on the scope of function, the creation of a QR-bill is immediately initiated as a result 	Invoice issuerSoftware partner
6.2	Creation of QR-bils or payment parts	 Positioning of the Swiss QR Code, payment part Complying with layout rules for the Swiss QR Code, payment part and receipt Complying with data scheme rules for the Swiss QR Code, payment part and receipt Data in the Swiss QR Code corresponding to the text in the visible part Data in the accounts receivable item corresponding to the data in the QR-bill (in particular reference) 	 Invoice issuer Software partner Service provider (e.g. a provider of a browser-based QR tool or a financial services provider)
6.3	Printing and sending QR-bills on paper or as PDF	 Complying with layout rules (with regard to measurements) Use of perforated paper Verifying print quality (scanning capability) Printing order to a printing house (XML printing standard) Ordering receipts at the financial institution 	 Invoice issuer Printing house Service provider (e.g. network partner)
6.4	Opening accounts payable item	 If a software solution is used, a new position is opened by the invoice recipient 	 Invoice recipient Software partner
6.5	Submitting payment order	 Submitting an order at the post office counter Submitting an order physically at a financial institution Recording in the m-banking application Recording in the e-banking application Submitting an order via other channels (e.g. EBICS) Submitting an order through an interface to the network partner 	Invoice recipientPostal service
6.6	Conversion of the QR-bill	• Accepting by a network partner via an interface, converting into an alternative procedure (e.g. eBill) and submitting to the provider of the alternative procedure. After the conversion there is no QR-bill payment any more	 Invoice issuer Network partner Further providers of alternative procedures
6.7	Accepting payment order	 Scanning and recording the QR-bill at the post office counter Scanning and recording physically at a bank (at the counter or in a processing center) Accepting via an m-banking application of the principal bank (from paper or PDF) Accepting in an e-banking application of the principal bank (from paper or PDF) Accepting by way of electronic interface (e.g. ERP software) Carrying out compliance checks Accepting by a network partner and forwarding as a QR-bill payment (unless converted into an alternative procedure) Conversion of the payment order (QR-bill data scheme in pain.001) Order archiving 	 Postal service Financial institution of the debtor

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Chap- ter	Process step	Test objects	Affected stakeholders
6.8	In-house or interbank settlement	 In-house payment Interbank payment (pacs.008) via SIC system 	 Financial institution of the debtor SIX Interbank Clearing
6.9	Notification about debit on customer account	 Full data transfer to customer as a single physical or electronic advice Full data transfer to customer as a collective physical or electronic advice Presenting the debit in the account statement 	 Financial institution of the debtor
6.10	Closing accounts payable item	 Automatic accounting reconciliation based on reference number in ERP or own software Manual accounting reconciliation if no IT solution is utilized Correct processing of invoice issuer information 	 Invoice recipient Software partner
6.11	Receiving payment	 Receiving pacs.008 with IBAN or QR-IBAN Credit to customer account (correct amount, currency, other payment information) Individual booking of the payment order or collective booking according to the standard collection criteria from the IG camt 	• Financial institution of the creditor
6.12	Notifying about credit to customer account	 Full data transfer to customer as a single physical or electronic advice Full data transfer to customer as a collective physical or electronic advice Presenting the credit in the account statement 	• Financial institution of the creditor
6.13	Closing accounts receivable item	 Automatic accounting reconciliation based on reference number in ERP or own software Manual accounting reconciliation if no IT solution is utilized 	 Invoice issuer Software partner

Table 10: Descriptions of test cases along the payment process

Support measures:

- Verifying layout using the **grid sheet** (see Style Guide, p. 24)
- Verifying the Swiss QR Code using the **QR Validation Portal**
- Verifying pain.001 after creating a payment order using the Swiss Payment Standards Validation Portal
- List of ERP software able to process QR-bills: "Readiness of software versions in pain.001"

We recommend that you start with determining the process steps and test objects relevant for you and then identifying your need for testing.

6.1 Opening accounts receivable item

This topic does not constitute an integral part of this test script and is only mentioned to provide a full overview of the payment process. This is a part of the Introduction Script for invoice issuers and recipients.

6.2 Creation of QR-bills or payment parts

This topic does not constitute an integral part of this test script and is only mentioned to provide a full overview of the payment process. This is a part of the Introduction Script for invoice issuers and recipients.

6.3 Printing and sending QR-bills on paper or as PDF

This topic does not constitute an integral part of this test script and is only mentioned to provide a full overview of the payment process. This is a part of the Introduction Script for invoice issuers and recipients.

6.4 Opening accounts payable item

This topic does not constitute an integral part of this test script and is only mentioned to provide a full overview of the payment process. This is a part of the Introduction Script for invoice issuers and recipients.

6.5 Recording payment order

This topic does not constitute an integral part of this test script and is only mentioned to provide a full overview of the payment process. This is a part of the Introduction Script for invoice issuers and recipients.

6.6 Converting payment order by network partner

This topic does not constitute an integral part of this test script and is only mentioned to provide a full overview of the payment process. This is a part of the Introduction Script for invoice issuers and recipients.

6.7 Accepting payment order

No.	Test case description	Test steps	Expected result	Sample (Sect. 7)
6.7A	Receiving unstructured one-off orders at bank counters	 Separate payment parts from the QR-bill and receipt Import payments parts with scanner Validate pain.001 in the vali- dation portal To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 The payment parts have a clean cutting edge, so that automatic scanning is possible Payment parts in which the amount and/or the debtor were entered in handwriting have been imported correctly The data recorded corresponds to the information in the visible part of the payment part 	all samples are suitable
6.7B	Receiving collective orders in a structured manner	 Import payments parts with scanner Validate pain.001 in the validation portal To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 All payment parts have a clean cutting edge, so that automatic scanning is possible The total amount on the cover sheet is equal to the sum of the scanned receipts Payment parts in which the amount and/or the debtor were entered in handwriting have been imported correctly The data recorded corresponds to the information in the visible part of the payment part 	all samples are suitable

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No.	Test case description	Test steps	Expected result	Sample (Sect. 7)
6.7C	Payments at the post office counter	 Submitting orders at the post office counter in favor of a PostFinance customer or a third-party bank Validate pain.001 in the validation portal To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 Correct receipt of orders at the post office counter Post counter fees have been charged correctly by PostFinance 	all samples are suitable
6.7D	Recording payments with m-banking	 Customer scans the Swiss QR Code with a smartphone camera or another suitable device for payment recording in the m-banking application Validate pain.001 in the validation portal To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 The data in the Swiss QR Code are imported with the bank application and displayed correctly in the GUI. Handwritten additions to the amount and/or the debtor have been correctly imported The data correspond to the information in the visible part of the payment part Any errors or missing information can be corrected/ completed by the customer It is possible for the customer to enter or change an unstructured message The payment can be recorded by the customer with "Confirm" or rejected with "Cancel" The payment is saved as payment type 3 "Domestic customer payment" (pain.001) 	all samples are suitable
6.7E	Recording payments with e-banking	 Customer scans the Swiss QR Code with a document reader, PC camera or another suitable device for payment recording in the e-banking application Validate pain.001 in the validation portal To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 The data in the Swiss QR Code are imported with the bank application and displayed correctly in the GUI. Handwritten additions to the amount and/or the debtor have been correctly imported The data correspond to the information in the visible part of the payment part Any errors or missing infor- mation can be corrected/ completed by the customer It is possible for the customer to enter or change an unstructured message The payment can be recorded by the customer with "Confirm" or rejected with "Cancel" The payment is saved as payment type 3 "Domestic customer payment" (pain.001) 	all samples are suitable

No.	Test case description	Test steps	Expected result	Sample (Sect. 7)
6.7F	Payment order via ERP interface	 Customer enters QR-bill in ERP software and sends order to you via interface Validate pain.001 in the validation portal To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 The payment is transferred as payment type 3 "Domestic customer payment" (pain.001) The data is the same as that which the customer has stored in their software 	all samples are suitable
6.7G	Payment order via other electronic interface (e.g. EBICS)	 Customer enters QR-bill in EBICS and sends order to you via interface Validate pain.001 in the validation portal To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 The payment is saved as payment type 3 "Domestic customer payment" (pain.001) The data is the same as that which the customer has stored in their software 	all samples are suitable
6.7H	Using QR-bill for recurring payments	 Customer scans the Swiss QR Code with a document reader, smartphone, PC camera or another suitable device for payment recording in the m-banking or e-banking application Validate pain.001 in the validation portal To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 Save the payment order as a standing order 	 For test results, see test cases 6.D and 6.E Payments can be saved as standing orders 	all samples are suitable
6.71	Negative test case: Recording a QR-bill with QR-IBAN without QR reference	 Customer scans the Swiss QR Code with a document reader, smartphone, PC camera or another suitable device for payment recording in the m-banking or e-banking application To do this, you can use the payment part 6.2.B generated in Chapter 6.2 Delete QR reference 	• Error message in the input screen: "QR reference requires the use of a QR-IBAN (and vice versa)."	-
6.7J	Negative test case: Recording a QR-bill with a conventional IBAN and QR reference	 Customer scans the Swiss QR Code with a document reader, smartphone, PC camera or another suitable device for payment recording in the m-banking or e-banking application To do this, you can use the payment part 6.2.B generated in Chapter 6.2 Replace QR-IBAN with a conventional IBAN 	• Error message in the input screen: "QR reference requires the use of a QR-IBAN (and vice versa)."	-

Table 11: Test cases for receiving a payment order

6.8 In-house or interbank settlement

No.	Test case description	Test steps	Expected result	Sample (Sect. 7)	
6.8A	Processing payment in-house	 The accounts of the invoice issuer and debtor are both with your bank Charge payment on the debtor's account and credit it to the creditor's account To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 Debit and credit entries on customer accounts correspond to one another Internal settlement accounts are set off 	all samples are suitable	
6.8B	Sending message via SIC system	 The account of the invoice issuer is with another bank Send payment to SIC and debit the customer account To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 Payment is transferred to the SIC system (or euroSIC for invoices in EUR) as payment type 3 "General customer payment" (pacs.008, code value CSTPMT) Transfer amount corresponds to the account debit Addressing recipient bank via QR-IBAN works (if QR reference is used) 	all samples are suitable	
6.8C	Sending payment via SWIFT network	 The account of the invoice issuer is with another bank Send payment via the SWIFT network and debit the custo- mer account To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 The payment will be converted into an MT103 message and transferred Transfer amount corresponds to the account debit 	all samples are suitable	

Table 12: Test cases for settlement (FI as trigger for a payment)

6.9 Notification about debit on customer account

No.	Test case description	Test steps	Expected result	Sample (Sect. 7)
6.9A	Notifying customer about account debit	 Release payment based on QR-bill To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 Payment data is correctly transferred to customer notifications – including QR code-specific information: QR reference Creditor Reference Account debit including QR code-specific information is correctly reflected in all message standards (camt.052, camt.053, camt.054, MT940, EBICS) 	all samples are suitable

Table 13: Test cases for the notification of account debits

6.10 Closing accounts payable item

This topic does not constitute an integral part of this test script and is only mentioned to provide a full overview of the payment process. This is a part of the Introduction Script for invoice issuers and recipients.

6.11 Incoming payment at financial institution

No.	Test case description	Test steps	Expected result	Sample (Sect. 7)	
6.11A	Receiving message via SIC system	 The account of the payer is with another bank Receive payment from SIC and credit it to customer account To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 Payment arrives from the SIC system (or euroSIC for invoices in EUR) as payment type 3 "General customer payment" (pacs.008, code value CSTPMT) Transfer amount corresponds to the account credit 	all samples are suitable	
6.11B	Receiving payment via SWIFT network			all samples are suitable	
6.11C	Crediting payment to customer account as single booking	 Release payment based on QR-bill To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 Correct single booking of incoming payment 	all samples are suitable	
6.11D	Crediting payment to customer account as collective booking	 Release multiple payments based on one QR-bill with the same creditor account To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	• Correct collective booking according to the standard collection criteria and additional collection criteria according to IG camt	all samples are suitable	

Table 14: Test cases for settlement (FI as recipient for a payment)

6.12 Notifying about credit to customer account

No.	Test case description	Test steps	Expected result	Sample (Sect. 7)
6.12A	Notifying customer about account credit	 Release payment based on QR-bill To do this, you can use the payment parts generated in Chapter 6.2 	 Payment data is correctly transferred to customer notifications – including QR-specific information: QR reference Creditor Reference (depending on the layout of the notification): QR-IBAN billing information Account credit including QR- specific information is correctly reflected in all message standards (camt.052, camt.053, camt.054, MT940, EBICS) 	all samples are suitable

Table 15: Test cases for the notification of account credits

6.13 Closing accounts receivable item

This topic does not constitute an integral part of this test script and is only mentioned to provide a full overview of the payment process. This is a part of the Introduction Script for invoice issuers and recipients.

7 Sample payment parts

The various forms and uses of the QR-bill are hereinafter summarized in form of a table. For this purpose, cases with the same forms and features are divided into categories to facilitate structured testing.

The QR-bill generally takes three **forms** (= first level in the matrix below):

- 1. QR-bill with QR-IBAN and QR reference
- 2. QR-bill with IBAN and Creditor Reference
- 3. QR-bill with IBAN and without reference

All samples beginning with number 1 take the first form, etc.

In addition, there is a possibility of applying two different **additional uses** (= second level in the matrix below):

- 1. Billing information: no, Alternative procedures: no
- 2. Billing information: yes, Alternative procedures: yes
- 3. Billing information: no, Alternative procedures: yes
- 4. Billing information: yes, Alternative procedures: no

Last but not least, the remaining **features** follow at the third level that differentiate QR-bills:

- 1. Unstructured information
- 2. Information on the debtor
- 3. Information on the amount
- 4. Address type S
- 5. Address type K

The IBAN or QR-IBAN used in the samples are fictitious and therefore not suitable for testing interbank payments in the SIC system. To do this, you have to define your own IBAN or QR-IBAN and test the end-to-end process in consultation with another (recipient) bank. Alternatively, you can use caracters that contain your own IID or QR-IID, so that a payment that you process via the test instance of the SIC system will be returned to your institution.

Consec. Sample		Level 1: Forms			Level 2: Additional uses			Level 3: Features					
No.	file No.	QR reference	SCOR	no ref.	BI: no AP: no	BI: yes AP: yes	BI: no AP: yes*	BI: yes AP: no	Unstr. info	Debtor	Amount	Address type S	Address type K
1	1.1.1	х			х				х	х	х	х	
2	1.1.2	X			X								Х
3	1.1.3	Х			Х					Х	Х	Х	
4	1.1.4	х			х				х				х
5	1.2.1	х				х			х	х	х	х	
6	1.2.2	х				х							х
7	1.2.3	Х				х				Х	Х	Х	
8	1.2.4	X				X			х				х
9	1.3.1	х					х		х	х	х	х	
10	1.3.2	X					X						х
11	1.3.3	х					х			х	х	х	
12	1.3.4	х					х		х				х
13	1.4.1	х						х	х	х	х	х	
14	1.4.2	X						X					Х
15	1.4.3	Х						Х		Х	Х	Х	
16	1.4.4	х						х	х				х
17	2.1.1		х		х				x	х	х	х	
18	2.1.2		X		X								Х
19	2.1.3		Х		Х					Х	х	Х	
20	2.1.4		х		х				х				х
21	2.2.1		x			х			x	х	х	х	
22	2.2.2		X			X							Х
23	2.2.3		Х			Х				Х	Х	Х	
24	2.2.4		X			X			х				х
25	2.3.1		X				х		X	х	х	х	
26	2.3.2		х				х						х
27	2.3.3		X				X			х	х	х	
28	2.3.4		X				X		х				х
29	2.4.1		x					х	x	х	х	х	
30	2.4.2		X					X					х
31	2.4.3		Х					Х		Х	х	Х	
32	2.4.4		х					х	х				х
33	3.1.1			х	х				x	х	х	х	
34	3.1.2			х	Х								х
35	3.1.3			Х	Х					Х	Х	Х	
36	3.1.4			х	х				х				х
37	3.2.1			х		х			х	х	х	х	
38	3.2.2			х		х							х
39	3.2.3			х		Х				х	Х	Х	
40	3.2.4			х		х			х				х
41	3.3.1			х			х		х	х	х	х	
42	3.3.2			х			х						х
43	3.3.3			х			х			х	х	х	
44	3.3.4			х			х		х				х
45	3.4.1			х				х	х	х	х	х	
46	3.4.2			Х				х					х
47	3.4.3			Х				Х		х	Х	Х	
48	3.4.4			х				х	х				х

Table 16: Overview of sample documents

Key

x : Design element of the sample : The sample is available in the test set : There is no sample in the test set (must be created if needed) * : The currently only alternative procedure (eBill) must be combined with billing information. Therefore, the test set contains no samples of this type.

The preparation of samples for negative test cases is the responsibility of the financial institution.

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