



Explanation of how ESG factors are reflected in the key elements of the benchmark methodology of SPI ESG

Consideration of ESG Factors

Item 1. Name of the benchmark administrator.

SIX Index AG

Item 2. Type of benchmark or family of benchmarks. Choose the relevant underlying asset from the list provided in Annex II of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816.

Equity

Item 3. Name of the benchmark or family of benchmarks.

SPI ESG

Item 4. Does the benchmark methodology for the benchmark or family of benchmarks take into account ESG factors?

☒ Yes ☐ No

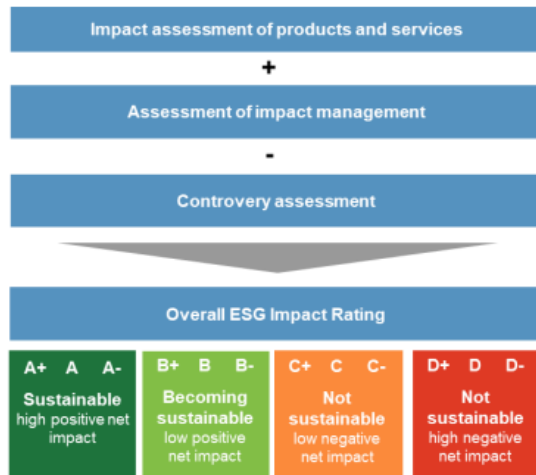
Item 5. Where the response to Item 4 is positive, please list below, for each family of benchmarks, those ESG factors that are taken into account in the benchmark methodology, taking into account the ESG factors listed in Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816. Please explain how those ESG factors are used for the selection, weighting or exclusion of underlying assets. The ESG factors shall be disclosed at an aggregated weighted average value at the level of the family of benchmarks.

The Equity Benchmark Family consists of traditional benchmarks (i.e. non-ESG) as well as ESG benchmarks. Listing the ESG factors at the level of the family of benchmarks, could in our view be misinterpreted as these ESG factors are not applicable to the larger part of the benchmark family.

SIX Index AG has therefore decided to only list the ESG factors at the level of the individual ESG benchmark in item 6 below.

Item 6. Where the response to Item 4 is positive, please list below, for each benchmark, those ESG factors that are taken into account in the benchmark methodology, taking into account the ESG factors listed in Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, depending on the relevant underlying asset concerned. Please explain how those ESG factors are used for the selection, weighting or exclusion of underlying assets. The ESG factors shall not be disclosed for each constituent of the benchmark, but shall be disclosed at an aggregated weighted average value of the benchmark. Alternatively, all of this information may be provided in the form of a hyperlink to a website of the benchmark administrator included in this explanation. The information on the website shall be easily available and accessible. Benchmark administrators shall ensure that information published on their website remains available for five years.

One of the main inputs for the ESG benchmarks within the benchmark family is the ESG scores. The below figure provides an overview of the structure and the scale of the ESG ratings:



Source: Inrate 2018.

a) List of environmental factors considered:

Exclusion of companies with an ESG score of below C+.

Exclusion of issuers that do not fulfill UNGC principles or, where applicable, OECD guidelines for multinational enterprises.

Exclusion of companies with revenues above a certain threshold in a critical sector. The list of critical sectors and the thresholds can be found in the [rulebook](#).

b) List of social factors considered:

Exclusion of companies with an ESG score of below C+.

Exclusion of issuers that do not fulfill UNGC principles or, where applicable, OECD guidelines for multinational enterprises.

Exclusion of companies with revenues above a certain threshold in a critical sector. The list of critical sectors and the thresholds can be found in the [rulebook](#).

Exclusion of companies which are on the exclusion list of the Swiss Association for Responsible Investments.

c) List of governance factors considered:

Exclusion of companies with an ESG score of below C+.

Exclusion of issuers that do not fulfill UNGC principles or, where applicable, OECD guidelines for multinational enterprises.

Exclusion of companies which are on the exclusion list of the Swiss Association for Responsible Investments.

Hyperlink to the information on ESG factors for each benchmark:

N/A

Item 7. Data and standards used**a) Data input.**

- (i) Describe whether the data are reported, modelled or sourced internally or externally.
- (ii) Where the data are reported, modelled or sourced externally, please name the third party data provider.

The ESG data is sourced externally, with Inrate being the ESG research provider. Inrate delivers ESG scores and information on revenue in critical sectors, as well as an assessment regarding the UNGC principles and OECD guidelines. SIX researches internally whether a company is considered a multinational enterprise. For details on Inrate's ESG research, please refer to <https://www.inrate.com>

b) Verification and quality of data.

Describe how data are verified and how the quality of those data is ensured.

Inrate has established processes in accordance with accepted and established market standards, that have been continuously developed and regularly adjusted over the past 25 years.

The quality assurance process includes:

- Systematic peer review for all companies that are newly assessed
- Systematic peer review for all significant changes during the annual update
- Periodic spot checks for certain high-risk industries/issue areas by research leads
- Periodic data comparison with third-party sources, including government and industry databases

SIX has implemented comprehensive procedures for evaluating new instruments and modifications to current instruments. The research of whether a company is considered a multinational enterprise is integrated in the existing research process and includes the four-eyes principle before data is published.

c) Reference standards

Describe the international standards used in the benchmark methodology.

Any standards used in the benchmark methodology are listed in Item 6 above

Date on which information has last been updated and reason for the update:

03 April 2025; Changes to ESG index rules
Publication Date: 03 April 2025
